

The Allstate Corporation

First Quarter 2022 Earnings Presentation

05.05.2022

Forward-looking statements and non-GAAP financial information

This presentation contains forward-looking statements and information. This presentation also contains non-GAAP measures that are denoted with an asterisk. You can find the reconciliation of those measures to GAAP measures within our most recent earnings release and investor supplement.

Additional information on factors that could cause results to differ materially from this presentation is available in the 2021 Form 10-K, Form 10-Q for March 31, 2022, our most recent earnings release, and at the end of these slides. These materials are available on our website, www.allstateinvestors.com, under the "Financials" link.

Allstate's Strategy to Deliver Transformative Growth and Higher Valuation

Increase Personal Property-Liability market share







Leveraging Allstate brand, customer base and capabilities







Expand Protection Services











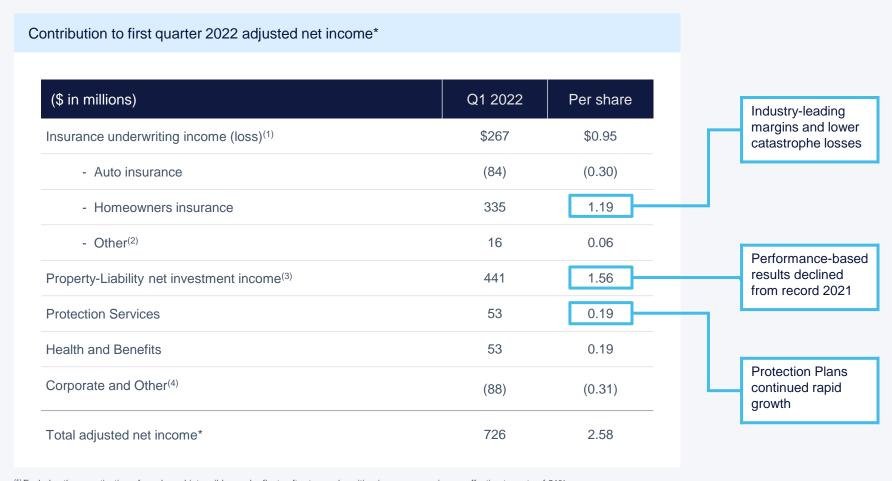
First quarter 2022 highlights

- · Multifaceted plan to address inflation
 - Raise prices
 - Reduce expenses / manage loss costs
 - Shift asset allocation
- Executing Transformative Growth strategy
- Protection Services generating profitable growth

Allstate's Execution and Adaptability Create Shareholder Value

	emiums increased due to growth and National General	T		
(\$ in millions, except per share data ar	d ratios)	2022	nonths ended March 31 2021	Change
Total revenues		\$12,337	\$12,451	(0.9%)
Property-Liability insurance prem	10,498	9,896	6.1%	
Accident and health insurance pro	469	455	3.1%	
Net investment income	594	708	(16.1%)	
Net gains (losses) on investments	(267)	426	(162.7%)	
Income applicable to common share	holders:			
Net income (loss)		630	(1,408)	n NM
Adjusted net income*	Decline from prior year reflects underwriting and investment inc	7.36	1,871	(61.2%)
Per diluted common share	underwriting and investment inc	one		
Net income (loss)		2.24	(4.60)	NM
Adjusted net income*		2.58	6.11	(57.8%)
Return on Allstate common sharehol	ders' equity (trailing twelve months)			
Net income applicable to commo	15.4%	15.1%	0.3 pts	
Adjusted net income*	12.8%	23.2%	(10.4) pts	
Cash returned to common sharehold	ers	1,024	765	33.9%
M = Not meaningful				
	Reduced outstand by 8.1% in last 12			

Strength in Homeowners Insurance and Investments Mitigates Inflationary Impact on Auto Insurance



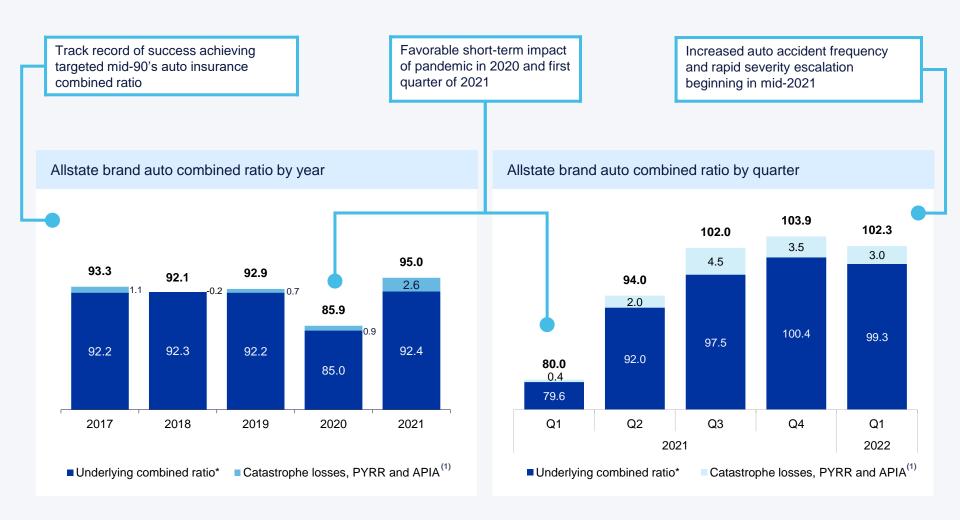
⁽¹⁾ Excludes the amortization of purchased intangibles and reflects after-tax underwriting income assuming an effective tax rate of 21%

⁽²⁾ Other includes other personal lines, commercial lines, other business lines, Answer Financial and Run-Off Property-Liability

⁽³⁾ Assumes effective tax rate of 21%

⁽⁴⁾ Corporate and Other includes adjusted net income from the corporate and other segment, non-controlling interest income (loss) and P-L tax adjustments

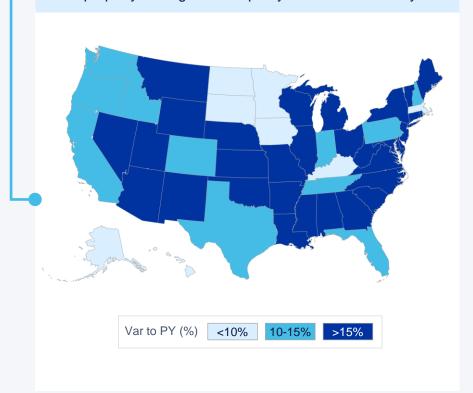
Auto Insurance Margins Impacted by Rising Loss Costs



Auto Physical Damage Claim Severity Increases Are Widespread

Leveraging national scale and strategic partnerships with repair facilities and parts suppliers to lower costs and control quality

Auto property damage 2022 report year incurred severity⁽¹⁾



Allstate has a higher distribution of newer, more expensive vehicles compared to the industry

Auto collision claims by vehicle model year

Vehicle Model Year	Total Loss Value (\$) ⁽²⁾	Allstate – % Distribution of Claims ⁽³⁾	Claim Distribution - Variance to Industry ⁽³⁾	
New	\$41,000	1.5%	0.4 pts	
1 – 3 Years	\$33,000	13.7%	1.6 pts	
4 – 6 Years	\$23,000	21.1%	0.9 pts	
7 + Years	\$11,000	63.7%	(2.9) pts	

⁽¹⁾ Allstate brand excluding Esurance and Canada

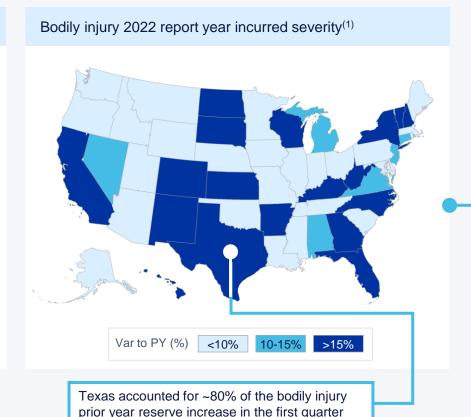
⁽²⁾ Source: CCC industry actual cash value of total loss vehicles

⁽³⁾ Source: CCC mix of total loss claims by vehicle model year

Auto Bodily Injury Claim Severity Impacted by More Severe Injuries, Inflation and Increased Attorney Involvement

Harder hit accidents leading to an increase in severe injury claims; predictive modeling to determine likelihood of injury, legal risk or fraud

Percent distribution by claim⁽¹⁾ Non-drivable vehicles(2) Major injury(3) 27.3% 23.5% 17.5% 13.8% 2019 Q1 2022 2019 Q1 2022 Trial attorney advertising for claimants has doubled over the past decade to over \$1 billion annually

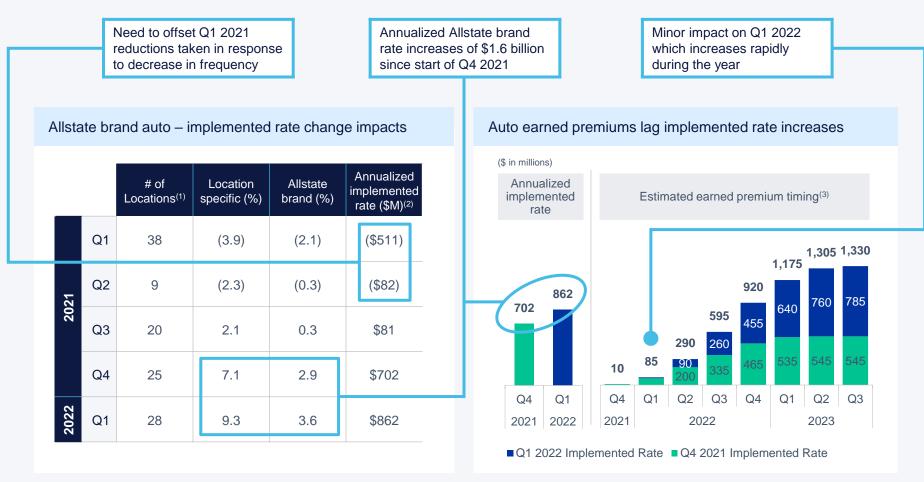


⁽¹⁾ Allstate brand excluding Esurance and Canada

⁽²⁾ Source: CCC Industry

⁽³⁾ Allstate internal definition of major injury by participant includes demonstrable injuries more severe than soft tissue injuries (examples include fracture, tear, whiplash)

Increasing Auto Insurance Prices to Support Mid-90s Target Combined Ratio

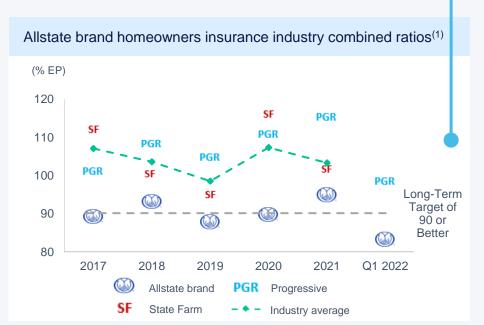


⁽¹⁾ Reflects number of U.S. states, District of Columbia or Canadian provinces where rate changes have been implemented. Allstate brand operates in 50 states, the District of Columbia, and 5 Canadian provinces (2) Leverages prior year end written premium to estimate annualized impact from implemented rate in each quarter. Actual amounts will be based on retention and mix of customers

⁽³⁾ Estimated increase to earned premiums from rate increases implemented in Q4 2021 and Q1 2022 assuming 85% translates into written and ultimately earned premiums

Homeowners Insurance Generates Attractive Returns and Growth Potential

Allstate brand generated \$3.3 billion of underwriting income from 2017 – 2021, with the industry generating an underwriting loss

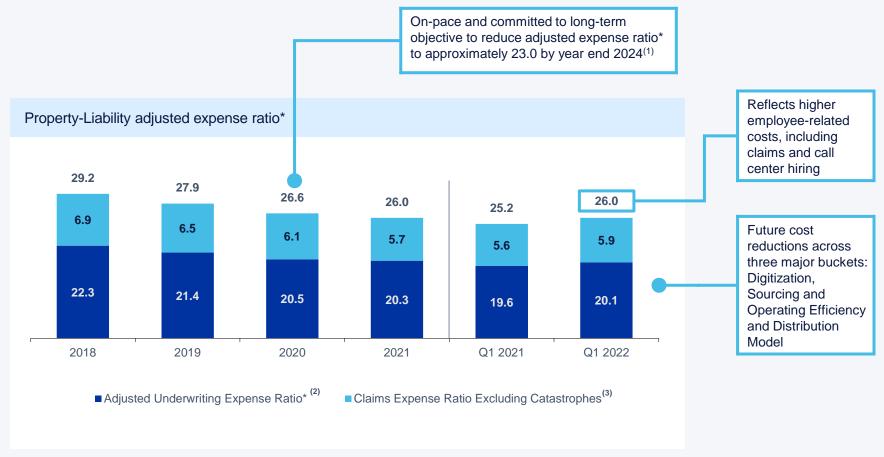


⁽¹⁾ Industry and competitor information represents statutory results per S&P Global Market Intelligence. Leverages GAAP results from company reports for 2021 and Q1 2022; Allstate information represents GAAP results for 2017-2022.

Increased due to inflation in insured home valuations and implemented rate increases to offset impact of higher loss severities Allstate brand homeowners operating statistics Q1 2022 Var to PY Written premium (\$ in millions) \$2,020 17.0% 14.3% Average premium - gross written (\$) 1,554 1.7% Policies in Force (in thousands) 6,536 Combined Ratio 83.3 (3.7) pts **Underlying Combined Ratio*** 66.7 3.4 pts Allstate brand combined ratio of 83.3 generated

Allstate brand combined ratio of 83.3 generated \$368 million of underwriting income in the first quarter

Improving Customer Value Through Cost Reductions



⁽¹⁾ A reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to the expense ratio, a GAAP measure, is not possible on a forward-looking basis because it is not possible to provide a reliable forecast of future expenses and targeted reductions as of the reporting date

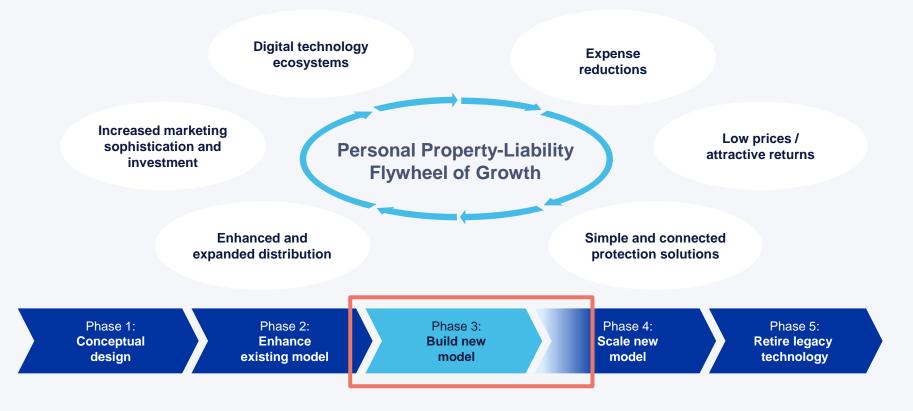
⁽²⁾ Adjusted underwriting expense ratio excludes amortization and impairment of purchased intangibles, restructuring, Coronavirus-related and advertising expenses

⁽³⁾ Property-Liability claims expense ratio incorporates unallocated claims expenses; excludes allocated claims expenses and catastrophes

Transformative Growth Will Improve Personal Property-Liability Market Share

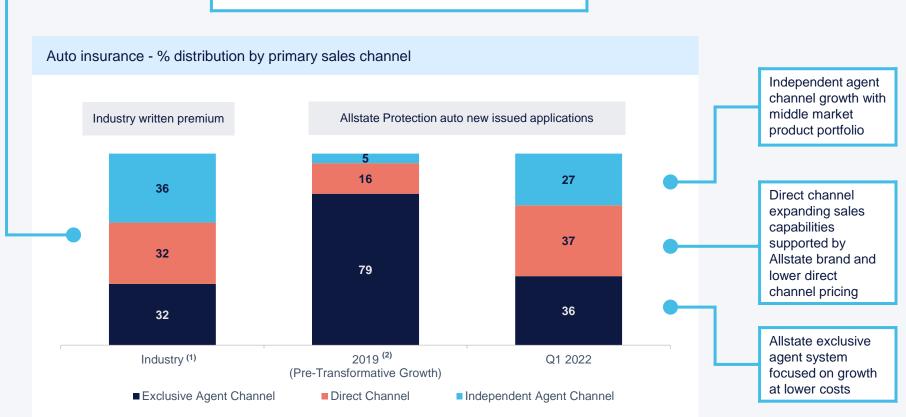
Multi-year initiative to build a low-cost digital insurer with broad distribution

- Improve customer value
- · Expand customer access
- Increase sophistication and investment in customer acquisition
- Deploy new technology ecosystems
- · Enhance organizational capabilities



Expanding Customer Access Meets Customer Demand

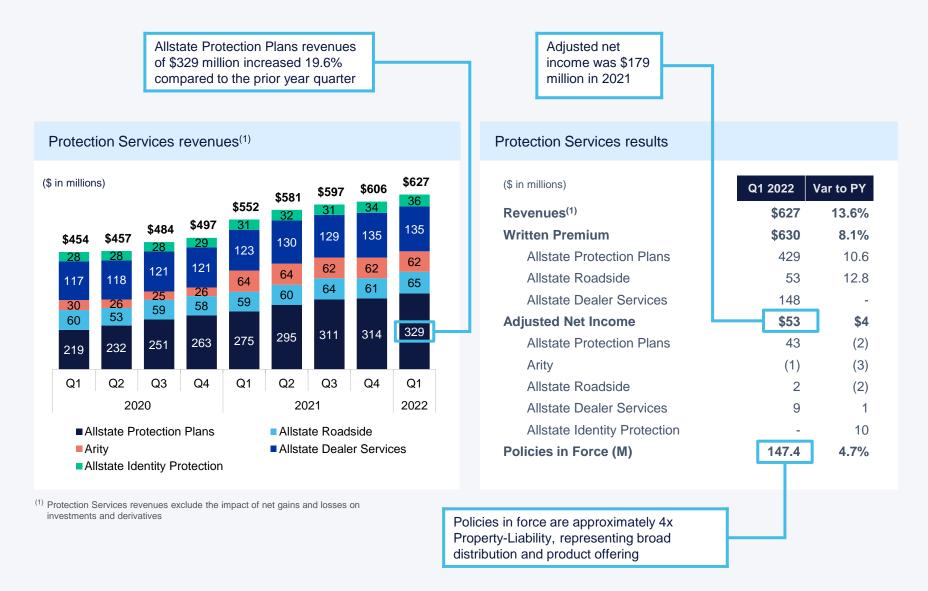




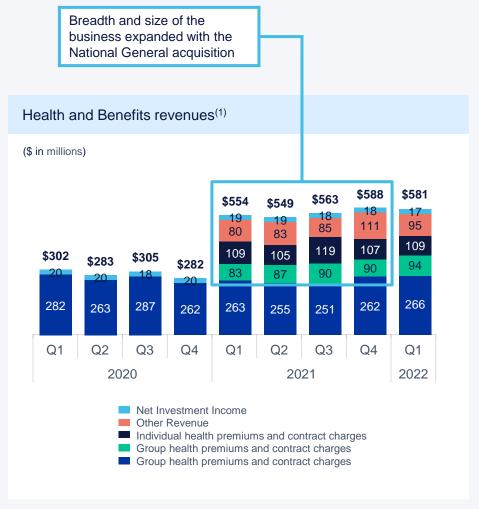
⁽¹⁾ Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence and company analysis as of YE 2020

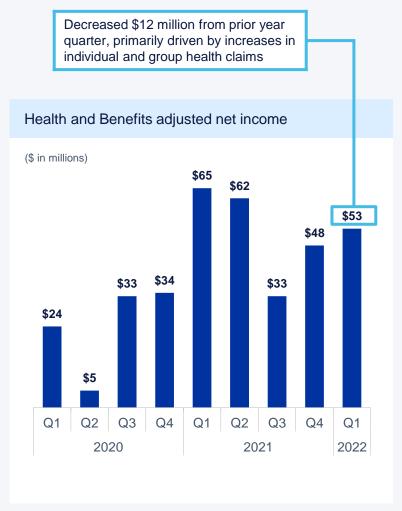
⁽²⁾ Allstate Protection auto new issued applications – exclusive agent channel reflects Allstate brand, direct channel reflects Esurance brand, independent agent channel reflects Encompass brand and applications written by Allstate independent agents

Protection Services Generates Profitable Growth



Allstate Health and Benefits Growth Through Expanded Product Offering





⁽¹⁾ Health and Benefits revenues exclude the impact of net gains and losses on investments and derivatives

Recent Fixed Income Duration Shortening Reduced Impact of Higher Interest Rates on Portfolio Valuation

Performance-based portfolio had annualized yields of 24.8% in 2021 and 14.1% in Q1 2022

Net investment income (in millions) 974 1.000 708 660 594 750 314 500 246 250 (250)Q1 2020 2021 2022 ■ Market-based ■ Performance-based ■ Expense ex ILE⁽¹⁾ (2.8)% Total Return (2.1)4.8 2.7 (0.2)2.6 1.0 1.1 5.9 5.9 7.2 8.8 6.8 6.0 4.4 1.8 % Total TTM(2) 3.9

Shortening of duration beginning in late 2021 mitigated the negative impact of higher interest rates by \$0.8 billion relative to Q3 '21 duration of 4.6 years



Total portfolio return was negative as higher market yields reduced fixed income valuations

⁽¹⁾ Investee level expenses (ILE) comprised of asset level operating expenses are netted against market-based and performance-based income

⁽²⁾ Latest twelve months

⁽³⁾ Fixed income duration includes interest rate derivative positions. Intermediate Bond Yield sourced from Bloomberg

Strong Cash Returns to Shareholders





Forward-looking statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" that anticipate results based on our estimates, assumptions and plans that are subject to uncertainty. These statements are made subject to the safe-harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and may be identified by their use of words like "plans," "seeks," "expects," "will," "should," "anticipates," "estimates," "intends," "believes," "likely," "targets" and other words with similar meanings. These statements may address, among other things, our strategy for growth, catastrophe, exposure management, product development, investment results, regulatory approvals, market position, expenses, financial results, litigation, and reserves. We believe that these statements are based on reasonable estimates, assumptions and plans. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, and we assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events or developments. In addition, forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks or uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those communicated in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements include risks related to:

Insurance and Financial Services (1) unexpected increases in claim frequency and severity; (2) catastrophes and severe weather events; (3) limitations in analytical models used for loss cost estimates; (4) price competition and changes in regulation and underwriting standards; (5) actual claims costs exceeding current reserves; (6) market risk and declines in credit quality of our investment portfolio; (7) our subjective determination of fair value and amount of credit losses for investments; (8) our participation in indemnification programs, including state industry pools and facilities; (9) inability to mitigate the impact associated with changes in capital requirements;

(10) a downgrade in financial strength ratings;

Business, Strategy and Operations (11) competition in the industries in which we compete and new or changing technologies; (12) implementation of our transformative growth strategy; (13) our catastrophe management strategy; (14) restrictions on our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends; (15) restrictions under terms of certain of our securities on our ability to pay dividends or repurchase our stock; (16) the availability of reinsurance at current levels and prices; (17) counterparty risk related to reinsurance; (18) acquisitions and divestitures of businesses; (19) intellectual property infringement, misappropriation and third-party claims;

Macro, Regulatory and Risk Environment (20) conditions in the global economy and capital markets, including the economic impacts from the recent military conflict between Russia and Ukraine; (21) a largescale pandemic, the occurrence of terrorism, military actions, or social unrest; (22) the failure in cyber or other information security controls, as well as the occurrence of events unanticipated in our disaster recovery processes and business continuity planning; (23) changing climate and weather conditions; (24) restrictive regulations and regulatory reforms, including limitations on rate increases and requirements to underwrite business and participate in loss sharing arrangements; (25) losses from legal and regulatory actions; (26) changes in or the application of accounting standards; (27) loss of key vendor relationships or failure of a vendor to protect our data. confidential and proprietary information, or personal information of our customers, claimants or employees; (28) our ability to attract, develop and retain talent; and (29) misconduct or fraudulent acts by employees, agents and third parties.

Additional information concerning these and other factors may be found in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the "Risk Factors" section in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K.